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STATE OF STATE OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 2000

Committee Substitutes
SENATE BILL NO. 153

(By Senator SPROUSE

PASSED <u>Clare H 8,</u> 2000 In Effect <u>Nivery Days From</u> Passage



ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 153

(By Senator Sprouse, original sponsor)

[Passed March 8, 2000; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact sections three and seven, article three-c, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, relating to establishing criminal penalties for the introduction of computer contaminants; defining terms; and making certain technical revisions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That sections three and seven, article three-c, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3C. WEST VIRGINIA COMPUTER CRIME AND ABUSE ACT.

§61-3C-3. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, unless the context clearly indi-
- 2 cates otherwise:

- (a) "Access" means to instruct, communicate with, store 3 4 data in, retrieve data from, intercept data from or otherwise make use of any computer, computer network,
- computer program, computer software, computer data or 6
- 7 other computer resources.

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- 8 (b) "Authorization" means the express or implied 9 consent given by a person to another to access or use said 10 person's computer, computer network, computer program, computer software, computer system, password, identify-11
- 12 ing code or personal identification number.
- 13 (c) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical or other high speed data processing device 14 performing logical, arithmetic or storage functions and 15 16 includes any data storage facility or communication 17 facility directly related to or operating in conjunction with such device. The term "computer" includes any connected 18 or directly related device, equipment or facility which 19 20 enables the computer to store, retrieve or communicate computer programs, computer data or the results of 21 22 computer operations to or from a person, another computer or another device, but such term does not include an 23 24 automated typewriter or typesetter, a portable hand-held calculator or other similar device. 25
- (d) "Computer contaminant" means any set of computer instructions that are designed to damage or destroy information within a computer, computer system or computer network without the consent or permission of 29 the owner of the information. They include, but are not limited to, a group of computer instructions commonly called viruses or worms that are self-replicating or self-33 propagating and are designed to contaminate other 34 computer programs or computer data, consume computer resources or damage or destroy the normal operation of the computer.
- 37 (e) "Computer data" means any representation of knowledge, facts, concepts, instruction or other informa-38 39 tion computed, classified, processed, transmitted, received, retrieved, originated, stored, manifested, measured, 40 detected, recorded, reproduced, handled or utilized by a 41 computer, computer network, computer program or 42

- 43 computer software and may be in any medium, including,
- 44 but not limited to, computer print-outs, microfilm, micro-
- 45 fiche, magnetic storage media, optical storage media,
- 46 punch paper tape or punch cards, or it may be stored
- 47 internally in read-only memory or random access memory
- 48 of a computer or any other peripheral device.

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- (f) "Computer network" means a set of connected devices and communication facilities, including more than one computer, with the capability to transmit computer data among them through such communication facilities.
- (g) "Computer operations" means arithmetic, logical, storage, display, monitoring or retrieval functions or any combination thereof and includes, but is not limited to, communication with, storage of data in or to, or retrieval of data from any device and the human manual manipulation of electronic magnetic impulses. A "computer operation" for a particular computer shall also mean any function for which that computer was designed.
- 61 (h) "Computer program" means an ordered set of 62 computer data representing instructions or statements, in 63 a form readable by a computer, which controls, directs or 64 otherwise influences the functioning of a computer or 65 computer network.
- 66 (i) "Computer software" means a set of computer 67 programs, procedures and associated documentation 68 concerned with computer data or with the operation of a 69 computer, computer program or computer network.
- 70 (j) "Computer services" means computer access time, 71 computer data processing or computer data storage and 72 the computer data processed or stored in connection 73 therewith.
 - (k) "Computer supplies" means punch cards, paper tape, magnetic tape, magnetic disks or diskettes, optical disks or diskettes, disk or diskette packs, paper, microfilm and any other tangible input, output or storage medium used in connection with a computer, computer network, computer data, computer software or computer program.

- 80 (l) "Computer resources" includes, but is not limited to, 81 information retrieval; computer data processing, transmis-
- 82 sion and storage; and any other functions performed, in
- 83 whole or in part, by the use of a computer, computer
- 84 network, computer software or computer program.
- 85 (m) "Owner" means any person who owns or leases or is
- 86 a licensee of a computer, computer network, computer
- 87 data, computer program, computer software, computer
- 88 resources or computer supplies.
- 89 (n) "Person" means any natural person, general partner-
- 90 ship, limited partnership, trust, association, corporation,
- 91 joint venture or any state, county or municipal government
- 92 and any subdivision, branch, department or agency
- 93 thereof.
- 94 (o) "Property" includes:
- 95 (1) Real property;
- 96 (2) Computers and computer networks;
- 97 (3) Financial instruments, computer data, computer
- 98 programs, computer software and all other personal
- 99 property regardless of whether they are:
- 100 (i) Tangible or intangible;
- (ii) In a format readable by humans or by a computer;
- 102 (iii) In transit between computers or within a computer
- 103 network or between any devices which comprise a com-
- 104 puter; or
- (iv) Located on any paper or in any device on which it is
- stored by a computer or by a human; and
- 107 (4) Computer services.
- 108 (p) "Value" means having any potential to provide any
- 109 direct or indirect gain or advantage to any person.
- (g) "Financial instrument" includes, but is not limited to,
- any check, draft, warrant, money order, note, certificate of
- deposit, letter of credit, bill of exchange, credit or debit
- 113 card, transaction authorization mechanism, marketable
- security or any computerized representation thereof.

- 115 (r) "Value of property or computer services" shall be: (1) The market value of the property or computer services at 116 117 the time of a violation of this article; or (2) if the property
- or computer services are unrecoverable, damaged or 118
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- destroyed as a result of a violation of section six or seven 120 of this article, the cost of reproducing or replacing the
- 121 property or computer services at the time of the violation.

§61-3C-7. Alteration, destruction, etc., of computer equipment.

(a) *Misdemeanor offenses*. – Any person who knowingly, 1 2 willfully and without authorization, directly or indirectly, 3 tampers with, deletes, alters, damages or destroys or 4 attempts to tamper with, delete, alter, damage or destroy any computer, computer network, computer software, computer resources, computer program or computer data 7 or who knowingly introduces, directly or indirectly, a computer contaminant into any computer, computer 8 program or computer network which results in a loss of 9 value of property or computer services up to one thousand 10 11 dollars, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 12 thereof, shall be fined not more than one thousand dollars

or confined in the county or regional jail not more than six

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months, or both.

15 (b) Felony offenses. - Any person who knowingly, 16 willfully and without authorization, directly or indirectly, damages or destroys or attempts to damage or destroy any 17 18 computer, computer network, computer software, com-19 puter resources, computer program or computer data by 20 knowingly introducing, directly or indirectly, a computer 21 contaminant into any computer, computer program or 22 computer network which results in a loss of value of 23 property or computer services more than one thousand 24 dollars is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, 25 shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars and not 26 more than ten thousand dollars or confined in a state 27 correctional facility not more than ten years, or both, or, 28 in the discretion of the court, be fined not less than two 29hundred nor more than one thousand dollars and confined 30 in the county or regional jail not more than one year.

foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the

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